An active solar-like star with a sub-Neptune on a 3.66 day orbit

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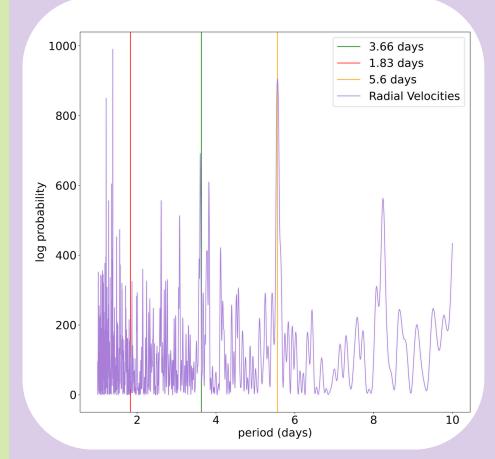
## The characterisation process:

Determine stellar properties using spectroscopy and astrometry.

Identify and remove stellar activity signals from the data.

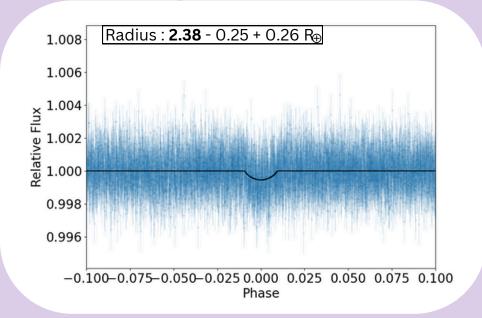
Jointly fit transit and radial velocity data to determine the planetary parameters.

## **Determining the** orbital period:

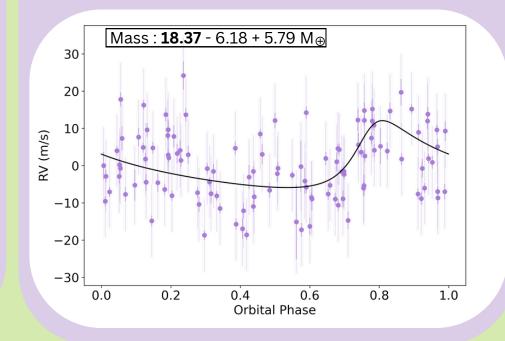


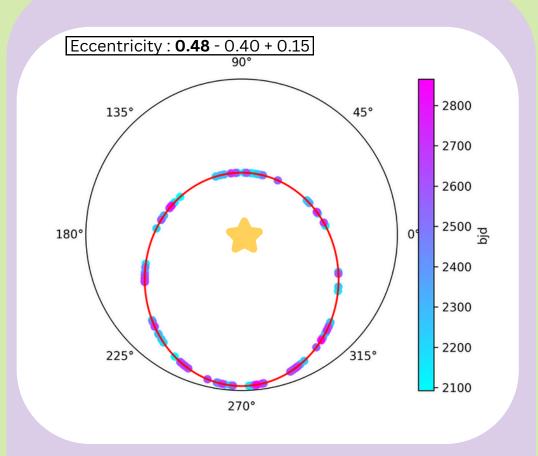
The periodogram contains both stellar and planetary signals. These were detangled by fitting a multidimensional gp to the radial velocity data using pyaneti. The original assumed period of 1.83 days is not present, whereas a strong 3.66 day signal persists. The 5.6 day signal corresponds to the star's rotational period.

## Characterising the planet:



Joint detrending of the 3 TESS sectors and HARPS-N radial velocity data for TOI 1727 with pyaneti\* was used with stellar parameters from PAWS\*\* to determine the planetary parameters.





Orbital diagram of the system, with RV points marked by colour.

